## Crime Mapping in the **National Forests**

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### **Objectives**

- o Use the USDA FS Region 6 database (LEIMARS) to explore crime incident locations in relation to other geographic features
  - do patterns exist in the spatial distribution of crime and are observable patterns influenced by other landscape features?
- o Examine how crime violation types are distributed at various administrative levels in the FS
  - regional, forest, and special management unit level

#### LEIMARS database

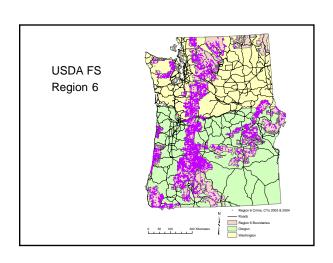
- Law Enforcement and Investigations Attainment Reporting System
- o Best, and only available, source of crime statistics for national forests and grasslands in the US
  - 193 million acres

#### Methods

- o Layers:
  - LEIMARS data for Region 6 (CY 2003 & 2004)
    - Transportation networks
    - National forest boundaries
    - Hydrology
  - Elevation Digital orthophotographs
- Registered all spatial data layers to a common map projection
- ArcMap GIS
  - Exploratory visual analysis

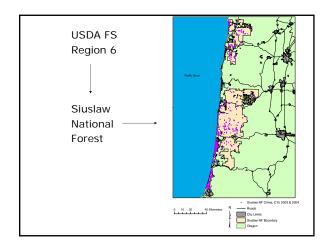
#### USDA Forest Service Region 6

- o 43,396 sq. miles of National Forests and Grasslands in Washington &
- o 14.4% of the entire FS system
- o Over 45,000 spatially referenced crime incidents for Region 6
- o 40,003 crimes in Region 6 boundary



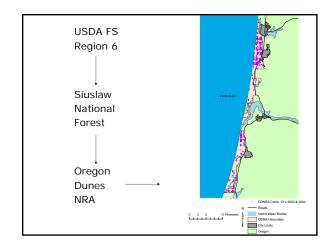
#### Siuslaw National Forest

- Area within forest boundary is approximately 1292 sq. miles
  - Removing private inholdings from estimate results in approximately 979 sq. miles
- 4763 logged crimes within the Siuslaw National Forest during CYs 2003 and 2004
  - 11.9% of all crimes reported in Region 6
- Siuslaw National Forest draws an estimated 1,864,268 visitors per year
  - 6.6% of total Region 6 visitors

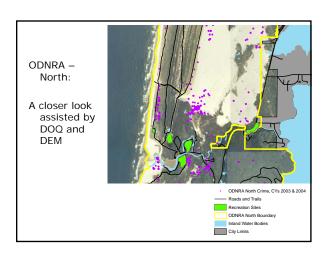


## Oregon Dunes National Recreation Area

- o Approximately 54 sq. miles
  - Or, approximately 48 sq. miles after private inholdings removed
- o 2114 crimes logged in the ODNRA
  - represents 44.4% of all crimes reported in the Siuslaw National Forest, or
  - 5.3% of all crimes in Region 6



Oregon Dunes
National
Recreation
Area —
Northern Portion



#### **LEIMARS** Violation Levels

- Administration
- o Civil
- Felony
- Infraction
- Misdemeanor
- Noncriminal
- o Petty offense

#### LEIMARS VIOLATION LEVELS

| Violation Level | Region 6       | Siuslaw NF   | <u>ODNRA</u> |
|-----------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|
| Administrative  | 0.1% (34)      | 0.0% (0)     | 0.0% (0)     |
| Civil           | 0.1% (27)      | 0.0% (2)     | 0.0% (0)     |
| Felony          | 1.4% (552)     | 1.0% (49)    | 0.4% (9)     |
| Infraction      | 7.6% (3023)    | 4.0% (191)   | 2.6% (55)    |
| Misdemeanor     | 88.6% (35,462) | 91.9% (4376) | 92.1% (1946) |
| Noncriminal     | 2.0% (797)     | 3.0% (144)   | 4.9% (103)   |
| Petty offense   | 0.3% (108)     | 0.0% (1)     | 0.0% (1)     |
| (Totals)        | (40,003)       | (4763)       | (2114)       |
| ,               | , , ,          | ,            | . ,          |

#### GIS Contributions to USDA FS

- o as a decision support tool
- o to direct crime prevention and mitigation resources
- o to better understand the relationship between natural resources and crime occurrence

## **Database Issues**

- 5721 crime points associated with Region 6 located outside forest boundaries
  - 12.5% of the total crimes logged in CYs 2003 and 2004
  - Outside distance ranged from 3.3 feet to 71.5 miles Average distance of 3.4 miles
- Some location discrepancies can likely be attributed to incorrect data entry or map interpretation
   Digital field input using GPS could help alleviate spatial registration problems

  - A one degree error in entering a latitude coordinate results in an error of approximately 69 miles
- Other database issues
  - Data entered in the wrong columnsIncomplete data

  - Data had incorrect numeric references

#### **Future Research**

- o Fewer points = Fewer crimes?
- o Access and crime
- o Crime concealment
- o Proximity of crime occurrence to law enforcement offices

#### Future Research, continued

- o Geographic profiling
- o Crime forecasting/prediction
- o Spatial displacement of offenders
- o Compare FS and non-FS crime
- o Causality in relation to environmental factors

### The Future?

The USDA Forest Service has the opportunity to lead the way in developing a model for the cataloguing and analysis of spatially referenced crime events in natural resource settings...

# Thank you

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